

CLASS-VIII

SCIENCE

CHAPTER-13

## Very Short Answer Questions

Question 1.

What does voice box or larynx of human produces?

Answer: Sound

Question 2.

In which medium sound propagates the maximum?

Answer: Solid

Question 3.

Name the sound producing organ in human.

Answer: Larynx

Question 4.

What is vibration?

Answer: Back and forth motion of an object.

Question 5.

Do all bodies produce sound?

Answer: No

Question 6.

How is sound produced?

Answer: By vibrating bodies.

Question 7.

Name a musical instrument which produces sound by blowing air into it.

Answer: Flute

Question 8.

What is the unit of frequency?

Answer: Hertz

Question 9.

What do you mean amplitude?

Answer: Vibrations produced by vibrating body in one second is known as amplitude.

Question 10.

What is the maximum displacement of an oscillating object is called?

Answer: Amplitude



★ Question 11.

★ How does sound help us?

★ Answer: Sound help us to communicate.



★ Question 12.

★ What is the unit of loudness?

★ Answer: Decibel (dB)



★ Question 13.

★ What is audible sound?

★ Answer: Frequency between 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz is audible sound.



★ Question 14.

★ In which medium sound travels faster?

★ Answer: Solid



★ Question 15.

★ A simple pendulum makes 20 oscillations in 40 seconds. What is the time period and frequency of its oscillation?

★ Answer:

★ Time period = Time No. of oscillation =  $40/20 = 2$  sec.

★ Frequency = No. of oscillation Time =  $20/40 = 0.5$  Hz

★ Question 16.

★ Sonali heard sound of thunderbolt 5 second after she saw flash of lightning. How far is she from the place where lightning occurs? (speed of sound = 330 m/s)

★ Answer:

★ Distance of Sonali from the place of lightning =  $330 \times 5 = 1650$  m



★ Question 17.

★ What is frequency?

★ Answer:

★ The number of oscillations per second is called frequency. Its unit is hertz.



★ Question 18.

★ What do you mean by oscillatory motion?

★ Answer:

★ The to and fro motion of an object is called vibration. This motion in both the direction from its mean position is called oscillatory motion.



★ Question 19.

★ Two astronauts are floating close to each other in space. Can they talk to each other without using any special device? Give reasons.

★ Answer:

★ No, because in space there is no atmosphere and sound needs medium to travel.



★ Question 20.

★ What do you mean by time period?





★ Answer:

★ The time taken by a vibrating body to complete one oscillation is called the time period.

★ Question 21.

★ What are the harms of noise pollution?

★ Answer:

★ Lack of sleep, hypertension, anxiety and temporary or even permanent impairment of hearing.

★ Question 22.

★ What do you mean by audible sound?

★ Answer:

★ The sound which we can hear clearly is known as audible sound. It has a range of frequencies from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz.

★ Question 23.

★ What are infrasonic sounds?

★ Answer:

★ Sounds which have frequency lower than 20 Hz are called infrasonic sounds.

★ Question 24.

★ What is noise pollution?

★ Answer:

★ The presence of unwanted and excessive sound in the environment is called noise pollution.

★ Question 25.

★ What are the methods to control noise pollution?

★ Answer:

★ Following are the methods to control noise pollution:

- The noise pollution can be controlled by reducing the respective sources of noise pollution.
- The blowing of horns and speaker should be strictly avoided near schools and hospitals.
- More and more trees should be planted on roadside because trees absorb sound.

★ Question 26.

★ What is the function of hair and wax in ear canal?

★ Answer:

★ The hair and wax in the ear canal help to keep out foreign debris such as dirt and bugs.

★ Question 27.

★ When we speak and hear, does any part of our body vibrate? Name them.

★ Answer:

★ Yes. When we speak, vocal cords vibrate to produce sound and when we hear, eardrum vibrates to receive the sound wave

★ Question 28.

★ Why are we able to hear sound of a clock clearer at night than in day?

★ Answer:

★ The noise level is quite low at night. Therefore the sound of the clock appears much clearer at night than in the day.

