

Q.1) Answer the following questions briefly.
(a) What are three components a map?

Ans The three components of a map are - distance, direction and symbol.

(b) What are the four cardinal directions?

Ans North, South, East, and West.

(c) What do you mean by the term 'the scale of a map'?

Ans → The scale of the map is defined as the ratio between the distance on the land to the distance on the map.

(d) How are maps more helpful than a globe?

Ans → Maps provide more information than a globe. A globe can be useful we want to study the earth as a whole. But when we want to study only a part of the earth, as about a country or a state, globe is of little help. In such a situation only maps are useful.

(e) Distinguish between a map and a plan.

Ans

Map

① A map contains a lot of information.

② We can study a part or whole of the earth with the help of a map

Plan

① In plan details are given in the form of symbols.

② A plan is a detail of drawing of small areas.

⑧ Which map provides detailed information?

Ans → A thematic map provides detailed information.

⑨ How do symbols help in reading maps?

Ans → Symbols give a lot of information in a limited space. With the use of symbols maps can be drawn easily and are simple to read.

Q ⑩ Tick the correct answers:

(a) Maps showing distribution of forests are

Ans → (i) Thematic Map

(b) The blue colour is used for showing

Ans → (i) Water bodies

(c) A compass is used

Ans → (ii) to find the main direction.

(d) A scale is necessary

Ans → (i) for a map.

